Results Of a Phase 2 Randomized, Open-Label, Study of Lower Doses of Quizartinib (AC220; ASP2689) In Subjects With FLT3-ITD Positive Relapsed or Refractory Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML)

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## Lower Dose Quizartinib Background

- FLT3-ITD in AML associated with poor outcome
- Quizartinib, an oral FLT3 inhibitor, with clinical activity in a Phase 2 Study in 333 subjects
- Phase 2: 176 patients age ≥18 years with AML relapsed/refractory to 2<sup>nd</sup>-line chemotherapy or HSCT
  - CRc 46% among 136 FLT3-ITD(+)
  - -35% bridged to HSCT (most after achieving a CRi)
  - -33% who achieved a CRi and then HSCT alive >1 year
  - Generally well tolerated
    - Grade 3 QTcF prolongation 18%; no Grade 4 QTcF prolongation
- To improve the benefit:risk profile of quizartinib lower doses were studied in this follow-on Phase 2b Study

# Lower Dose Quizartinib Study Design

#### Eligibility

- ≥ 18 yrs
- Primary AML or secondary to MDS
- FLT3-ITD(+) by central laboratory
- Relapsed after, or refractory to 1 line of salvage therapy or relapsed after HSCT
- Randomized to 30 mg or 60 mg continuous daily dosing
- Dose reduction
  - Grade 2 or higher QTcF prolongation
  - Grade 3 or higher related non-hematologic toxicity
  - Myelosuppression for subjects in CRc
- Dose increase for lack of CRc after 1 cycle or loss of response
- 76 patients enrolled from May 21, 2012 to March 27, 2013

# Lower Dose Quizartinib Study Endpoints

- Primary Endpoints:
  - -CRc Rate (CRc = CR + CRp + CRi)
  - –Incidence of ≥ Grade 2 QTcF Prolongation
- Secondary Endpoints include:
  - -Overall Survival
  - -Duration of Response
  - -Bridge to Transplant Rate
  - -Safety
- Preliminary Analysis based on data available until May 28, 2013 with a minimum of 8 weeks of follow-up since last subject first visit

Lower Dose Quizartinib Patient Characteristics				
	No. (%),	or Median	[range]	
	30 mg/day (N = 38)	60 mg/day (N = 38)	Total (N = 76)	
Age (years)	57 [19-77]	53 [20-74]	55 [19-77]	
Age ≥ 60 years	16 (42)	10 (26)	26 (35)	
Males	22 (58)	22 (58)	44 (58)	
ECOG PS 2	7 (18)	5 (14)	12 (16)	
Secondary AML	3 (8)	7 (18)	10 (13)	

Patients enrolled in North America (76%) and European Union (24%)

Lower Dose Quizartinib Patient Characteristics					
	No. (%), or Median [range]				
	30 mg/day (N = 38)	60 mg/day (N = 38)	Total (N = 76)		
FLT3-ITD (+)	35 (92)	35 (92)	70 (92)		
≥ 25% and ≤50%	20 (53)	13 (34)	33 (43)		
> 50%	6 (16)	17 (45)	23 (30)		
Intermediate/Poor Cytogenetic Risk	30/30 (100)	28/30 (93)	58/60 (97)		

Lower Dose Quizartinib Prior Treatment and Response					
	No. (%), or Median [range]				
	30 mg/day (N = 38)	60 mg/day (N = 38)	Total (N = 76)		
Relapsed	29 (76)	24 (63)	53 (70)		
Duration of CR1 (weeks)	17.4	26.1	26.1		
Refractory	9 (24)	13 (34)	22 (29)		
Previous HSCT	9 (24)	12 (32)	21 (28)		
Prior FLT3 Therapy	5 (13)	7 (18)	12 (16)		

### Lower Dose Quizartinib Initial Results: Treatment Summary

	Median [range]			
	30 mg/day	60 mg/day	Total	
	(N=38)	(N=36)*	(N=74)	
Length of	9.4	10.3	10.0	
	[2.1, 24.9+]	[2.6, 26.0]	[2.1, 26.0]	
treatment (weeks)	(2 still on treatment)	(2 still on treatment)		
Length of follow-	17.1	16.3	16.4	
	[5.3, 38.1]	[0.1, 42.7]	[0.1, 42.7]	
(weeks)	(16 continue to be followed)	(19 continue to be followed)		

\* 2 subjects were randomized, but not treated.

#### Lower Dose Quizartinib Initial Results: Dose Modifications No. (%)

	30 mg/day (N = 38)	60 mg/day (N = 36)	Total (N = 74)
Dose Interrupted	14 (37)	17 (47)	31 (42)
Dose Reduced	9 (24)*	10 (28)	19 (26)*
QTc prolongation	1	2	3
Other adverse events	1	2	3
Myelosuppression	5	6	11
Dose Escalated	24 (63)	7 (19)	31 (42)
No response	11	2	13
Loss of response	13	5	18

\*2 patients with incomplete data

Lower Dose Quizartinib Initial Results: Patient Disposition					
		No. (%)			
	30 mg/day (N = 38)	60 mg/day (N = 38)	Total* (N = 76)		
Active treatment	2 (5)	2 (5)	4 (5)		
Discontinued	36 (95)	36 (95)	72 (95)		
Relapse / Lack of Efficacy	17 (45)	15 (39)	32 (42)		
HSCT*	11 (29)	15 (40)	26 (34)		
Adverse event(s)	6 (16)	1 (3)	7 (9)		
Subject withdrawal	1 (3)	2 (5)	3 (4)		
Randomized no tx	0	2 (5)	2 (3)		
Death	1 (3)	1 (3)	2 (3)		

\* 2 additional subjects went to HSCT but listed progressive disease and adverse event as reason for treatment discontinuation.

Lower Dose Quizartinib Initial Results: Overall Response				
No. (%)				
Best Response	30 mg/day* (N = 38)	60 mg/day* (N = 38)	Total (N = 76)	
CRc (CR+CRp+CRi)	18 (47)	18 (47)	36 (47)	
CR	2 (5)	1 (3)	3 (4)	
CRp	0	1 (3)	1 (1)	
CRi	16 (42)	16 (42)	32 (42)	
CRc+PR	23 (61)	27 (71)	50 (66)	
PR	5 (13)	9 (24)	14 (18)	

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### Lower Dose Quizartinib Initial Results: Duration of CRc by Dose



### Lower Dose Quizartinib Initial Results: Overall Survival by Dose



- Thirty-seven subjects (49%) remain censored for overall survival (2 randomized but not treated; and 35 subjects remain alive).
- Of the 35 subjects who remain alive (range: 7.4 40.4+), there are 10 subjects alive >24 weeks and 2 alive >36 weeks (37.9+ weeks, and 40.4+ weeks).

Lower Dose Quizartinib Initial Results: Bridge to Transplant				
	No.	(%)		
	30 mg/day (N = 38)	60 mg/day (N = 38)		
Bridge to Transplant Rate	12 (32)	16 (42)*		
Median Survival (weeks)	31.0	<b>28.1</b>		
Alive	9 (75)	11 (69)		
Died	3 (25)	5 (31)		

\* 2 subjects went to HSCT but listed progressive disease and adverse event as the reasons for treatment discontinuation.

#### Lower Dose Quizartinib Initial Results: Overall Survival by Dose ± HSCT



#### Lower Dose Quizartinib Initial Results: Treatment-Emergent AEs: Incidence ≥25%

	30 mg/day (N = 38)		60 mg/day (N=36)	
Adverse event	All grades	Grade 3/4	All grades	Grade 3/4
Any event	37 (97)	30 (79)	36 (100)	33 (92)
Anemia	18 (47)	14 (39)	8 (22)	6 (8)
Fatigue	13 (34)	1 (3)	8 (22)	2 (6)
Pyrexia	11 (29)	3 (8)	13 (36)	3 (8)
Vomiting	11 (29)	0	13 (36)	3 (8)
Febrile Neutropenia	10 (26)	10 (26)	13 (36)	13 (36)
Diarrhea	10 (26)	1 (3)	12 (33)	1 (3)
Cough	9 (24)	1 (3)	9 (25)	0
Nausea	9 (24)	0	17 (47)	3 (8)
Abdominal Pain	6 (16)	0	11 (31)	0
Headache	4 (11)	1 (3)	9 (25)	1 (3)

### Lower Dose Quizartinib Initial Results: QT Interval Prolongation\*

		No. (%)		
	30 mg/day	60 mg/day	Total	
	(N = 38)	(N = 36)	(N = 74)	
Maximum value	of QTcF (mse	ec)		
> 450 to ≤ 480	16 (42)	17 (47)	33 (45)	
> 480 to ≤ 500	2 (5)	5 (14)	7 (9)	
> 500	2 (5)	1 (3)	3 (4)	
Maximum change in QTcF from baseline (msec)				
> 30 to ≤ 60	18 (47)	13 (36)	31 (42)	
> 60	1 (3)	7 (19)	8 (11)	

\*By central ECG review (readings >500 msec had to be confirmed to be classified as SAE)  $\frac{17}{17}$ 

#### Lower Dose Quizartinib Initial Results: Comparison of Doses in Two Phase 2 Studies in >200 subjects

	2689-0	2689-CL-2004		AC220-002 (Cohort 2)		
	30 mg/day (N = 38)	60 mg/day (N = 38)	90 mg/day (N=57)	135 mg/day (N=67)	200 mg/day (N=12)	
Best Response						
CRc Rate	47%	47%	47%	45%	42%	
PR Rate	13%	24%	25%	28%	50%	
Maximum chan	ge in QTcF	from baselir	ne (msec)			
≤ 30	50%	44%	9%	9%	0%	
> 30 to ≤ 60	47%	36%	46%	51%	8%	
> 60	3%	19%	46%	39%	92%	

## Lower Dose Quizartinib Initial Results: Conclusions

- Sustained efficacy and decreased QT signal with lower doses of quizartinib
  - -Efficacy
    - Substantial activity at both doses
  - -Safety
    - Similar safety profile at 30 and 60 mg doses
    - QTcF prolongation dose dependent: decreased QTcF at 30 and 60 mg doses compared to prior Phase 2 Study at 90mg and 135 mg/day
- Next Step:

 Global phase 3 randomized study of quizartinib in FLT3-ITD(+) patients in 1<sup>st</sup> relapse planned to start in early 2014

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